The *MARYLAND* GAZETTE.

[XXIst Year.] THURSDAY, *April* 17, 1766. [No. 1075.]

A short View of some Interesting Matters.

WHEN an irregular Appetite for Money found Place among ********, the Devilish STAMP-ACT was meditated. The closeted Projectors against the Rights of even a considerable Portion of Mankind itself, were sometime hatching out their mischievous Imp, which at Length came forth in the Shape of a Stamp-Act! The Colonies could not be Heard, when the common People of England made so free with their Money, as to give and grant it away, to gratify the earnest longing of those through whose itching Fingers it was to pass, unless by their *virtual* Representatives, who shewed the same Friendship to the Colonies, as a Hawk does to a Pigeon. It was against the Rules of the House to admit the People, whose Money was to be so liberally taken from them, to utter a Syllable against it. It was passed into a Law, not one of the American Agents daring, as Things then stood, to offer the most humble Supplications against taking away that which is conceived they could not lawfully do, even where the Word *Rights* had been carefully suppressed. That is to say, the People of England can give and grant away the Goods of Colonists at Pleasure, and that the most submissive Expostulations against it are almost Criminal. After getting the Act compleated, the next Jobb was to contrive *Ways and Means* to secure an Execution of it. They were not sure that it would *execute itself*, as had been held forth, and well knowing what a notorious Violation it was of the natural Rights of the Subject, thought to amuse us by commissioning Americans to execute it. And here it is worthy of our Observation what Shifts Men are generally drove to, in the prosecuting Matters wrong in their Initiation. How weak is human Nature! Could the Ministry possibly suppose that only a bare Vote that our Monies should be taken away and given to the LORD knows who, would ever meet with the least Observance here, even if endeavoured to be put in Force, by Mother-Country-Stamp-men? How little then must their Ideas be of what a Free born Subject must Claim as his Birth-Right, in their poor Contrivance of sending our *own* Countrymen, to execute the Machination. The Stamp-men were appointed, but soon discovered what Reception they must meet with. Some of them resigned their infamous Offices from Principles of Virtue and a Love of their Country; but others were obliged by an exasperated People to give them up, after being treated with the Ignominy which too many of them had merited.

VIRGINIA, the most ancient Colony, and remarkable for Loyalty, first asserted their Rights, in Opposition to the Act. Like Men of Principles, and Free Subjects, they Resolved against its binding Force. BOSTON, famous for being tenacious of their Privileges, discovered their Sentiments of this new invented Species of Oppression. Many there held forth to their Countrymen, in their manly Writings, the Injustice wherewith they were about to be used. The People were animated with the important Considerations, and firmly united to endure Extremities rather than submit in the least Instance to such an unrighteous Imposition. The Loyalty of the People broke forth with surprising Ardor, the Stamp man was blown out of his Place, his Stamp-Office levelled to the Earth, and the Materials destroyed. The prevalent Example encouraged the Inhabitants of Providence, (who first on the Continent instructed their Representatives,) Rhode-Island, Connecticut, and New-Hampshire, to make use of every lawful Means in their Power, for securing inviolate their most valuable Privileges, handed down to them from their famous Ancestors. Those whose Conduct tended to encourage the Introduction of Slavery, felt the Resentment of the People: And if any innocent Persons suffered in the general Effort, it is not to be much wondered at. Where a Necessity is laid upon a People to vindicate their Possessions *by Force*, it is almost impossible to secure the Persons and Effects of some innocent Persons in the Day of Wrath. The hungry Placemen sent hither, have had in View a full Glut of Money and Obsequiousness, in reducing the Americans to an abject Servility. The lordly Principles of these Gentle Folks, have generally dictated a similar Behaviour. Their uncommon Zeal to ruin the Country, hath run them into the most absurd Conduct. His Majesty's Service one would think required a very different Exertion. Perhaps it is Part of the Duty of the King's Officers, to keep the People secure in their Rights, and that in so doing they are serving their Master more effectually, than when they are directing Cannon against his Majesty's loyal Subjects, and threatning Conflagrations of whole Cities.

The Eyes of the whole Continent were upon New-York. If that Colony had submitted, the Liberties of America might have been greatly endangered. But their effectual Opposition hath dispelled every Doubt which might have been entertained of them. Their Situation was peculiarly dangerous, but their vigorous Efforts in the Cause of Liberty was in Proportion to their Extremity. And here I cannot but compliment Liberty's fairest Offspring there, in the glorious Opposition they have shewed to Chains. Their whole Stand made since the First of November, is known to the World, and for which their Posterity will rise up and call them Blessed.

Perhaps the general Opposition in all the Colonies, hath been promoted in nothing more than by the clear, convincing and pathetic Writings, which have appeared upon this most interesting Occasion. The PRESS hath never done greater Service since its first Invention. Many Pamphlets have been published on the Occasion, which for the cogency of Expression, strength and dignity of Style, and warm Sentiments of Freedom, do great Honour to the Authors. The argumentative Pieces, Letters, and Addresses in the News Papers, have had a singular Use in the great and good Cause. And here must not be passed over how much is due to the Authors of Britannus, Americanus, the Rights of Colonies, CONSIDERATIONS, &c. (wrote in Virginia or Maryland, and re-printed at New-York,) to Philelutherus, Freeman, Philo-Patriæ, and many other Writers, without in the least derogating from the Merit of many others, who have rendered their Country singular Service by their seasonable and spirited Writings.

The Congress at New-York, first planned by the House of Representatives in the Massachusetts Bay, secured the *desirable* Union of the Colonies. This laudable Step ought forever to be remembered, and imitated as often as our common Safety shall make it necessary.

The Colonies at length unitedly exerted themselves for the Retention of their just Rights and Immunities, and in their several Legislatives, most nobly asserted them, to their immortal Honour. Fired with the Example of Government's Interposition, the People, One and All, have expressed their Determination to protect their Liberty and Property, and never suffer a wanton Use of Power to gain an Inch upon them.

The Stamped Paper arrived in several of the Colonies about the last of October. This threw the whole Continent into violent Commotions. His Majesty's Governors and Naval Commanders, busied themselves on the Occasion, and secured them in Forts and Men of War, in order to prevent their immediate Destruction; several of whom were thereby involved in Dangers and Difficulties scarcely to be conceived. In New York the People never rested till they had the first Parcel, sent there, delivered from the Fort into the Custody of the Corporation of the City, not choosing to trust them in a Place from whence they could expect no good Things. At length it became dangerous to Shippers, Officers, and Others, to interpose in the least about them, either by bringing them into the Country, or securing them when brought in, in order for Distribution when a favourable Crisis for that Purpose might hereafter happen. Some of the most active and zealous of the People were for destroying the Whole, at all Events; and at New-York, St. Kitts, and Nevis, those Sons of Freedom actually forced their Way to a large Portion of them, which they entirely destroyed.

Indeed the Military at Nova-Scotia have nearly extinguished the Civil Government, and in Canada, all Decisions are by Guns and Cutlery Ware. It is not then to be wondered at, that Stamps have been forced upon them in those Countries. In Georgia, the Governor hath lately raised an Insurrection, and crouded Stamps upon a few People in the little Town of Savannah, the sandy Residence of his Excellency; but it is thought his Triumph will be of a very short Duration, notwithstanding the Assistance afforded him by a few avaricious Merchants.—But in all the other Colonies on the Continent, namely, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, MARYLAND, North and South-Carolina, with the Others before spoken of, Liberty and Property are still existent, after great and glorious Struggles of the People in Defence of them; and it may be prophesied that they never will be taken away, while the People have Life left to defend their injured Country.

Stamps have been also crouded upon some of the People of Jamaica, and other Islands, who were kept in Awe by a Military Power.

The Burning of the Stamped Paper in several of the American Colonies, is indicative of the Desperation to which Men may be drove by bad Treatment. How far any new Stamp men may venture to distribute their Papers, cannot be told; but if any should set about fulfilling such an Office, I should not be willing to indemnify them. —And if any Persons should be hardy enough to take any of the said Papers, the most direful Consequences, in all Probability, would ensue. Several who have inadvertently countenanced the Act, have been obliged to do severe Penance, in order to appease their incensed Countrymen.

To make Amends for the Introduction of Stamps in some of the Colonies, who were too weak to withstand the *Red-Coat Executives* of Civil Government, Antigua, (besides the other of the Leeward Islands before-mentioned) hath, to its great Honour, most loyally withstood this Pest, contrived against his Majesty's loving Subjects. Even the Islands of Bermuda and New-Providence, whose Situation were against them, have discovered a Spirit of Loyalty, which must render their Memories sacred to their Posterity.—And no where hath the Stamps been favourably received, except by the base servile Barbadians, whom, as the greatest of all Punishments, it is hoped may ever wear the Chains they have riveted on their own Necks, while all other Parts of America shall glory and flourish in Freedom.

The Resolutions of the Merchants not to Import any more British Goods till the Act be repealed, joined to the general Spirit which hath diffused itself in the Colonies to become their own Manufacturers, hath at length awakened the Nation to an Attention to their true Interest. And perhaps what some call *Mobbing*, will have the same Effect in our Favour, as the Burning of Joab's Field of Barley by Absalom had. The latter had in vain solicited an Audience from the King for *two Years* (as we have done); but the Flames of the Field brought on a Hearing. [*See* 2d BOOK *of the Prophet* SAMUEL, *ch.* XIV, *ver.* 28,—33.]

But we have to comfort ourselves in a happy Change of the Ministry: And that the Administration hath devolved upon our principal Friends and Advocates at the Court. Here the Poet's Message from Heaven made to Turnus, is applicable:

Turne, quod optanti Divum promittere nemo
Auderet, volvenda dies en attulit ultro. VIRG.

Behold O Turnus, what none of the Gods dared to engage, to your wishes, the Revolution of Time both itself brought about.

We have great Expectations of Relief from the Goodness of our Cause, and the benevolent Intentions of the best of Kings, and his wise prudent Ministry; and that Harmony, Mutual Love and Confidence will be re-established between the Two Countries.—But if an ill-chosen Determination of FORCING an Observance of a Parliamentary Taxation should be the Result of their Deliberations, we shall THEN have to consider what will be a suitable Conduct on our Part.

A SON OF LIBERTY.

Our last Week's GAZETTE *contain'd a few Articles relating to the Behaviour of the brave People in* North-Carolina; *to which the following ought to be added.*

WILMINGTON, *February* 26, 1766.

ON Wednesday the 19th, they proceeded to Brunswick, where their Numbers were soon increased to upwards of a Thousand, and had Intelligence of several Hundreds more on their March to join them. On their Arrival at Brunswick, in Order to remove all Apprehensions on the Part of his Excellency the Governor, the following Letter was delivered to him, by two Gentlemen sent for that Purpose, viz.

SIR,

"The Inhabitants, dissatisfied with the particular Restriction, laid on the Trade of this River only, have determined to march to Brunswick, in Hopes of obtaining, in a peaceable Manner, a Redress of their Grievances from the commanding Officer of his Majesty's Ships, and have compelled us to conduct them: We therefore think it our Duty to acquaint your Excellency, that we are fully determined to protect from Insult your Person and Property; and that if it will be agreeable to your Excellency, a Guard of Gentlemen shall be immediately detached for that Purpose."

We have the Honour to be, with the greatest Respect, SIR, your Excellency's most obedient humble Servants.

Feb. 19. 1766.

To his Excellency Col. Will^m. Tryon, Governor and Commander in Chief of North Carolina.

On Thursday the 20th, a Conference was held with the commanding Officer of his Majesty's Ships, and the Collector, and in the Afternoon Matters were happily accommodated, and a Promise obtained, that the Port should for the future be freed from the particular Restrictions heretofore laid on it, at least until the Arrival of the Surveyor General of the Customs, and that Vessels should be Entered and Cleared as usual.

On Friday the 21st, a Party of Men was sent for the Collector, Naval Officer, and Comptroller of the Customs; the Collector and Naval Officer were brought, and Information was received, that the Comptroller was at the Governor's; upon which a Gentleman was dispatched to demand his Attendance, which he refused to comply with, and the People being informed that he was detained by the Governor, a Letter was then sent, to request that his Excellency would be pleased to let him attend: They received for Answer, that the Comptroller was employed by his Excellency on Dispatches for his Majesty's Service, and that any Gentleman who had Business with him, might see him at the Governor's House.

A Party was then immediately dispatched to fetch him, and marched directly to the Governor's: They halted near the House, by Order; and a Gentleman was once more sent to the Comptroller, to desire he would not put the People to the disagreeable Necessity of entering his Excellency's House, with a Promise that if he would come out, no Injury should be offered his Person, which he at last complied with. The Party then joined the main Body, and marched immediately into the Town, drew up in a large Circle, placing the Custom-House Officers in the Centre, where they all made Oath that they would not, directly, or indirectly, by themselves, or any other Person employed under them, sign or execute, in their several and respective Offices, any Stamped Papers, until the Stamp-Act should be accepted of by the Province. All the Clerks of the Courts, Lawyers, &c. present, were sworn to the same Effect.

The People then immediately dispersed, in order to repair to their several Places of Abode.

It is well worthy of Observation, that few Instances can be produced, of such a Number of Men being together so long, and behaving so well; not the least Noise or Disturbances, nor any Person seen disguised with Liquor, during the whole Time of their Stay at Brunswick, neither was there any Injury offered to any Person, but the whole Affair conducted with Decency and Spirit, worthy the Imitation of all the Sons of Liberty throughout the Continent.

In Consequence of Matters being accommodated, with Regard to opening the Port, the Sloops Dobbs, Ruby, and Patience, under Seizure, for want of Stamped Papers, were delivered up to the Masters and Owners, and arrived at this Town, on Friday the 21st Instant.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 10.

A Letter from Cape May, dated April 7, 1766.

"I am persuaded the following Lines will relate Distress and Sadness to you: However, I am bound to rehearse and to tell you, that on the 6th Day of this Instant, on Hereford Bar, which is about 4 Leagues N. E. of the Pitch of the Cape of Cape May, the poor unfortunate Snow Nancy, Capt. Carr, from Bristol, was, by a violent Gale of Wind at E. N. E. forced on Shore and is become a forlorn Wreck, which proved a watry Coffin to all, except four Persons, who only escaped out of a Crew of 27 in Number, the Captain and Mate are of the drowned, and some others of Note and Distinction; many of their dead Bodies are drifted on Shore, and some Goods also.

"Humanity would teach me to exert myself, and use the utmost of my Care, which I propose to do without any other Licence 'till I receive further Orders, or see some of you; by all Means let some interested Person or Persons come down immediately on Sight hereof, with the Bearer; the Dead I shall keep till the Bearer returns, and not suffer to be crammed in the Sand. I saw them, poor Hearts, in the Height of their Distress, where Wind and Sea had no Pity, but could do no more than regret and sympathize with my fellow Mortals, while overwhelm'd with Calamities in the raging Waves."

Yesterday arrived Captain Whitemarsh, from Boston, who informs us, that at 4 o'Clock P. M. on Sunday last, he saw a Ship or Snow ashore on Turtle Gut Bar, 7 Miles East of Cape May; her Mast and Bowsprit were gone, and nothing but her Ensign Staff, with a Waiff in the Ensign, as a Signal of Distress, was standing; he could see the Surf break over her, but the Weather being thick, and the Wind blowing hard, he could not venture near enough to learn further Particulars: To the Leeward of the Wreck, at the same Time, he saw floating a great Quantity of pipe and hogshead Staves, a Windsor Chair, and a Trunk, supposed to have come from her. About two Miles from the above Vessel, he saw a small Vessel, Bottom upwards, which he took to be a Pilot Boat.

We suppose the above Vessel to be the Snow Nancy, Captain Carr.

ANNAPOLIS, *April* 17.

We have not received any later News from *London*, than that brought by Capt. *Brooke* into *Patuxent*, mentioned in our last, of the Resolve of the House of Commons on the 7th of *February* last, to Repeal the STAMP-ACT; nor have we since met with the least Reason to Doubt the Truth of that Account. [*It was on the* 7th *of* February, 1765, *when the* ------ Resolves *passed that House for Laying on that* ——, ——, ——, ——, *and unconstitutional* TAX!]

Capt. *Maynard*, from *London*, who was spoke with on the 7th of *March*, about 80 Leagues to the Eastward of *Bermuda*, and who it was fear'd was Lost, is arrived in *Patowmack*, with the Loss of his Mizzen-mast.

The COMET mentioned in last Week's Gazette, which made It's Appearance in the Evenings of the 8th and 9th, at about N. W. by W. and which was observed by many in most Parts of the Province, has not since been seen; nor do we find any Account of it in the Northern Papers. The Five Evenings preceding the 8th it was Cloudy here, and likewise on the 10th and 11th.

NOW in the PRESS, and next Week will be PUBLISHED (if possible) to be SOLD at the Printing-Office, *Ten or Eleven Sheets, on a small Letter,* [Price 3*s*/9.]

THE RIGHT to the Tonnage, the Duty of Twelve Pence per Hogshead on all exported Tobacco, and the Fines and Forfeitures in the Province of *MARYLAND*, STATED; in a Letter from a Gentleman in *Annapolis* to his Friend in the Country.

THE Subscriber, near the Head of *Severn*, has a fine JACK ASS, 4 Years old, that will Cover MARES this Season at TWENTY SHILLINGS each; such Mares as do not prove with Foal shall have the next Season *gratis*. Good Pasturage for the Mares

(3w) / Alexander Warfield.

The well known HORSE RANTER,

WILL Cover MARES this SEASON, at *Marlborough*, in *Stafford* County, *Virginia*, at Forty Shillings the Leap, Four Pounds for the Season, and Eight Pounds to Insure a Colt, *Virginia* Currency. The Mares will have good Pasturage for Three Months, if left so long, but must be sent for at the Expiration of that Time. There can be no Occasion to give his Pedigree, which was done in the *Virginia* Gazette, in 1763 and 1764, as his Colts in *Virginia* and *Maryland* are a much better Recommendation. It will be to no Purpose to send any Mare to him without the Money, as none will be received on any other Terms by

(6w) / Andrew Monroe.

Mr. *Meek* keeps a FERRY at *Maryland Point*, in *Charles* County, from whence, those who have no better Opportunity, may have their Mares landed at *Marlborough*. Dollars will be received at Six Shillings and Three-pence. *J. Meek.*

ANNAPOLIS, *April* 17, 1766.

THE Trustees of Mr. *Reginald Graham*, find themselves under the Necessity of Postponing, for a short Time, the Settlement of a Dividend, which was Advertis'd to have been paid to the several Creditors during the Sitting of the Provincial Court, on Account of many of the Claimants having neglected to send their Accounts duly authenticated, and without which they cannot be entitled to a Proportion of Mr. *Graham's* Effects. The Trustees, therefore, being desirous that every Person who has given Notice of their Willingness to accept of a Dividend, and whose Claims may appear indisputable, should not be excluded, once more give Notice, that if such Creditors still continue remiss, and omit sending to the Subscriber, before the 10th Day of *May* next, their Claim will be rejected, as it will be using every other Creditor very ill, to protract Payment to them on Account of the Negligence of others.

/ X John Clapham, for the Trustees.

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscribers, in *Sassafras* Neck, *Cecil* County, on the 9th of this Inst. *April*, Three *English* Convict Servant Men, viz.

John Sandals, born in *Shropshire*, about 28 or 30 Years of Age, a very stout, likely Fellow, of a sallow Complexion, with short brown Hair, and several large Cuts in his Head: He wears a very light coloured Country Cloth Coat, with Metal Buttons, striped Swanskin Vest, with Lapels much worn, old Buckskin Breeches, Country Linen Shirt, Castor Hat little worn, Yarn Stockings, and Country Shoes, with large cast Brass Buckles.

John Hockaday, born in *Devonshire*, about 40 Years of Age, a low squat Fellow, fair Complexion'd, with short sandy Hair, and is almost Bald: He wears an old Snuff coloured fine Cloth Coat, bound round the Edges and Button Holes with Worsted Binding of a lighter Colour, and old cut and raised Velvet Vest, a light coloured Country Cloth Pea Jacket, old Leather Breeches, Country Linen Shirt, old ribb'd Worsted Hose, Country Shoes, with large plain Silver Buckles, and a good Felt Hat. He has with him an old green *Rider's* Almanack, an old Twine Purse, and a Silver Stock-Buckle.

Edward Thompson, (belonging to *Henry Ward Pearce*) born in *Shropshire*, about 30 Years of Age, upwards of 6 Feet high, short black Hair, some Scars in his Head, and stoops a little in his Shoulders: He had on a Country Cloth short brown Coat and Breeches, with Metal Buttons, spotted Flannel Jacket, old Whitney Surtout Coat, brown Yarn Stockings, half-worn Shoes, square Brass Buckles, Osnabrig Shirt, and an old fine Hat.

They have some Money with them, and have also taken a Servant's blue close-bodied Coat, of fine Cloth, some fine Shirts, a Silk and Linen Handkerchief, Stockings, and other Things, so that it's probable they may vary their Dress.—They all ran away last Year, but not together, were brought home at considerable Expence, and were forgiven on Promises of Amendment.—As they have now gone off without the least Cause of Complaint, have lived extremely well, and have behaved with the greatest Ingratitude, it is hoped every Person will, as far as it lies in their Power, hinder their getting off.

Whoever secures them in any Jail, so that they are had again, shall receive a Reward of FIVE POUNDS *Pennsylvania* Currency for each, and if brought home reasonable Charges, paid by

(tf) / Michael Earle, Henry W. Pearce.

TO BE SOLD
AT THE
MARLBOROUGH BREWERY,

STRONG BEER and PORTER, at Eighteen Pence, and ALE at a Shilling a Gallon, *Virginia* Currency, in Cask, equal in Goodneſs to any that can be imported from any Part of the World: As nothing but the genuine beſt Malt and Hops will be uſed, without any Mixture or Subſtitute whatſoever; which if the many Treatiſes of Brewing publiſhed in *Great-Britain*, did not mention to be frequently uſed there, the Experience of thoſe who have Drank thoſe Liquors imported from thence, would point out to be the Caſe, from their pernicious Effects.

The ſevere Treatment we have lately received from our Mother-Country, would, I ſhould think, be ſufficient to recommend my Undertaking (tho' I ſhould not be able to come up to the *Engliſh* Standard, which I don't queſtion conſtantly to do) Yet, as I am ſatisfied, that the Goodneſs of every Commodity is it's beſt Recommendation, I principally rely upon *that* for my Succeſs; and my own Intereſt, having expended near Eight Thouſand Pounds, to bring my Brewery to it's preſent State, is the beſt Security I can give the Public to aſſure them of the beſt Uſage, without which, ſuch an Undertaking cannot be ſupported with Credit.

The Caſks to be paid for at the Rate of Four Shillings for Barrels, Five Shillings for thoſe between Forty and Fifty Gallons, and a Penny the Gallon for all above Fifty Gallons; but if they are returned in good Order and Sweet, by having been well Scalded as ſoon as emptied, the Price of them ſhall be returned or diſcounted.

Any Perſon who ſends Bottles and Corks, may have them carefully filled and corked with Beer or Porter, at Six Shillings, or with Ale at Four Shillings the Dozen. I expect in a little Time to have a conſtant Supply of Bottles and Corks, and if I meet the Encouragement I hope for, propoſe ſetting up a Glaſs-Houſe for making Bottles, and to provide proper Veſſels to deliver to ſuch Cuſtomers as favour me with their Orders, ſuch Liquors as they direct, at the ſeveral Landings they deſire, being determined to give them all the Satisfaction in the Power of

(3m) *Their moſt Humble Servant,*
April 7, 1766. J. MERCER.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
On Tueſday the 13th *of* May *next, at* XI *o'Clock before Noon, on the PREMISES,*

A COMMODIOUS BRICK-HOUSE, with a paled Garden, in *Weſt-Street*, near the Town-Gate, in *Annapolis*.

JOHN GORDON, Adminiſtrator
(3w) of *Robert Gordon*.

ANNAPOLIS, *April* 14, 1766.

WHEREAS it has been repreſented to his Excellency the Governor, that on Sunday Evening the 30th of *March* laſt, the Store of *Thomas Ewing*, in *Baltimore-Town*, was open'd by falſe Key, and ſtolen out of it, Pieces of Eight and *Pennſylvania* Paper Money, to the Amount of about £. 70 Currency, by Perſons unknown: His Excellency, for the better Diſcovery and bringing to Juſtice the Perſons who Committed the ſaid Robbery, doth Promiſe his Lordſhip's Pardon to any one of them (the Principal only excepted) who ſhall diſcover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices in the ſaid Fact, ſo that he, ſhe, or they, may be Apprehended and Convicted thereof.

Signed by Order,
UPTON SCOTT, Cl. Con.

AND as a further Encouragement, the Subſcriber doth Promiſe a Reward of Thirty Pounds, to any one who ſhall make a Diſcovery of any Perſon or Perſons concerned in the abovemention'd Robbery, ſo that he, ſhe, or they, be brought to Juſtice and Convicted thereof.

THOMAS EWING.

There is one JOHN CHEW, by Trade a Barber, who lived in *Baltimore-Town*, that abſconded himſelf the Morning after the Robbery, who is ſuppoſed to be concerned in the ſaid Robbery: He is a Man of about 35 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, wears a Grey Surtout Coat, Blue Coat, Black Jacket and Blue Breeches, and a Black Cut Wig; I am told he has formerly been known by the Name of *John Engle*; he is ſuppoſed to have two Wives now living, he went towards *George-Town*, in *Cecil* County.
(tf)

ANY One who wants good clean Hemp-Seed, of the Growth of 1765, may have it, by applying to ROBERT WILSON, living at *Wye-Town*, at the Mouth of *Wye-River*, *Maryland*.
(4)

TO BE SOLD
In HENRICO *County, in* VIRGINIA,
About a Mile below the FALLS *of* JAMES-RIVER, *at* ROCKET's *Landing*,

ANY Quantity of PIT COAL, not inferior to the *Newcaſtle* Coal, for One Shilling per Buſhel, heaped Meaſure, or Fifteen Buſhels of Coal, for a Barrel of Corn; where a Veſſel of 120 Tons Burthen, may lie at a good Wharf. The Blackſmiths in *Virginia* ſay, that with One Buſhel of it, they can do more Work than with Eight Buſhels of Charcoal. Great Encouragement will be given to a Man that underſtands Digging of Coal, and comes well recommended, for a Sober, Honeſt, and Induſtrious Perſon.

April 14, 1766. SAMUEL DU VAL.
(m6)

Baltimore County, *April* 10, 1766.

WHEREAS the former Partnerſhip in the *Buſh-River* Iron-Works, has been diſſolved theſe Fifteen Months paſt, in which I was a Member, and had the tranſacting of moſt Buſineſs there, which induced many People to make me chargeable with Matters inſtead of the Company, ſome of which have not got their Accounts properly ſettled: All ſuch, by applying to me, ſhall have their Accounts ſettled and inform'd who the Company is, that they may the better know where to apply for their Demands. To prevent their Writing to me, I ſhall endeavour to oblige them as far as I can. 1 X 6

ISAAC WEBSTER.

Anne-Arundel County, *April* 15, 1766.

WHEREAS Mr. *Thomas Gaſſaway* is ſtill willing to go through the Settlement of Meſſrs. *William Chapman*, ſenr. and *William Chapman*, junior's Eſtates, We do therefore hereby Impower him to Tranſact all Buſineſs relating to the ſaid Eſtates, Declaring whatever ſhall be Done by him, ſhall be Binding to us, and be as firm and valid as if done by ourſelves.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS,
(w2) ANN RAWLINGS.

Prince George's County, *April* 10, 1766.

STRAYED from the Plantation of Mr. *Archibald Orme*, near the Upper Falls of *Patowmack*, the 15th of *March* laſt, a likely very Black Gelding, about 14 Hands high, has a ſmall White Star on his Forehead, has no Brand, Paces ſlow, Gallops and Trots, was in very good Order when he ſtrayed away.

Whoever will deliver the ſaid Horſe to Mr. *John Orme*, at *George-Town*, *Frederick* County, or the Subſcriber, near *Upper-Marlborough*, ſhall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS Reward.

(3w) JAMES ORME.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick *County*, Maryland,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Acres, Part of a Tract of Land called *Dann*, lying on the main Branch of *Rock-Creek*, in that County, on which are Two Plantations. Alſo the Moiety, or Half Part, of 169 Acres of Land, on *Rock-Creek* aforeſaid, on which is a new Griſt-Mill, in Partnerſhip between the Subſcriber and Capt. *William Williams*.

(w2) 2 X WILLIAM DENT.

Stafford County, *Virginia*, *April* 4, 1766.

RAN away laſt Night, from the Subſcriber, a Convict Servant Man, named ROBIN CLARKE, lately imported; he is a Groom and Gardener, is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, a thick well ſet Fellow, ſandy Complexion, round Faced, a little mark'd with the Small-Pox, with ſhort curling Hair, a ſoft ſmooth Way of ſpeaking, is a very great Villain, but is an extreme handy Fellow, and can turn his Hand to almoſt any Buſineſs: He was dreſſed in a Bearſkin Jacket and Breeches, but what other Clothes he has with him is not known, except that he has taken with him an old Red Jacket and a Brown Jacket. Alſo took with him, a ſmall grey blooded Horſe, branded TM.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, and brings him Home to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward. (tf) 2 THOMSON MASON.

TO BE SOLD,

THE SLOOP *Elizabeth*, warranted Sound, with every Thing compleat for SEA, her Sails and Rigging all New; ſhe will carry Three Hundred and Fifty Barrels of Flour. Time of Payment will be given on paying Intereſt and giving Security if required: For Terms apply to

(tf) JOHN STEVENSON.
Baltimore-Town,
April 4, 1766. 2

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Dorcheſter* County, on the 29th of *March* laſt, an Indentured *Engliſh* Servant Man, named *William Payne*; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, rather ſtout Bodied, his Legs ſmall, his Complexion rather ruddy, is fond of ſtrong Liquor, and is generally Talkative when in Drink: He Indentured as a Sawyer, but as he has formerly been ſeveral Years at Sea, its probable he will attempt to paſs as a Sailor. Had on and with him when he went away, a dark grey or brown Cloth Coat, and a blue Cloth Veſt, with Metal Buttons to each, one Nankeen Veſt, one Pair of brown Cloth Breeches, two Pair of Country Linen Trowſers, two Pair of fine white Country Yarn Hoſe, two Oſnabrigs Shirts, two fine white Linen Shirts, one grey Cut Wig, a Hat bound round the Rim with black Binding, and a Pair of Country Shoes.

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him in any Jail, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS *Pennſylvania* Currency REWARD, and if he is brought Home, the reaſonable Charges attending it ſhall be likewiſe paid, by

(3w) 2 WILLIAM ENNALLS.

COMMITTED to *Anne-Arundel* County Jail as a Runaway, a Negro Man *Joe*, ſays he is by Trade a Blackſmith.

His Maſter is deſired to take him away, and pay Charges. 2 X WILLIAM PRUE, Jailer.

LATELY IMPORTED,
And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at FORT-TOBACCO,

ABOUT Two Hundred Pounds prime Coſt of GOODS, for either Caſh or Tobacco; they conſiſt chiefly of low priced *Iriſh* Linens, Sheetings, Shoes, Nails, &c.

(m3) 3 X D. JENIFER.

Dumfries, *March* 29, 1766.

THE Subſcriber gives Notice, That he had delivered at his Store, by Capt. *William Gilkiſon*, of the *Cathcart*, A ſmall BALE, and a BOX of GLASS, mark'd L $\frac{4}{xx}$ E; likewiſe, a large COPPER KETTLE with a Mark, for which there is no Bill of Lading.

The Owner may have them, by applying to
(6w) 3 CUMBERLAND WILSON.

March 26, 1766.

To be SOLD, very cheap, by the Subſcriber, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,

A LIKELY, young, healthy NEGRO Fellow, that has been in the Country about Nine Months: Alſo, Two Tracts of LAND, lying in *Prince-George's* County, on the *Piney Branch* of the Eaſtern Branch of *Patowmack*, about 4 Miles from *Snowden's* Iron-Works, and 8 Miles from *Bladenſburg*, SCOTT's FANCY, containing 117 Acres, near 20 Acres of Meadow clear'd, and ſowed with Timothy Seed, and about 30 Acres of Upland clear'd, and all under good Fences; a fine young Orchard, ſundry Houſes, &c. a good conſtant Stream running thro' Part of the Land, fit for a Mill. The other Tract adjoining, containing 200 Acres, well Watered and Timbered, has a good Dwelling Houſe, a good new Tobacco Houſe, and ſundry other Houſes, &c. and an exceeding good Apple Orchard; the Soil good, well ſituated for Farming or Tobacco, and Produces well. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may ſee the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to *William Hall* on the *Piney Branch*, in my Abſence.

(m6) 3 WILLIAM SCOTT.

N. B. All Perſons Indebted to ſaid *Scott*, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, or they may expect Trouble, without further Notice.

☞ ANNAPOLIS, Thurſday Evening. After Printing off about 400 of this GAZETTE, we have the following moſt agreeable Account, That a Veſſel is arrived in *Delaware* from *Ireland*, and has brought a Paper of the 5th of *March*, with an Account of the REPEAL of the STAMP-Act, after a great Struggle.

March 31, 1766.

STOLEN or STRAYED from *Patuxent* Iron-Works, on Wednesday the 5th Instant; a likely Bay Horse, about 14½ Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder GS tho' scarce discoverable, and on the near Buttock IH. He is about 6 Years old, a large Star in his Forehead, a little White on the Inside of his Hind-Feet, a natural Pacer, shod before, and short switch Tail. He was hired by one *George Swingler*, near *Conococheague*.

Also a Black Mare, scarcely 14 Hands high, she is Likely and Lively, has a short switch Tail and hanging Mane, is shod before, and Paces, Trots and Gallops, uncertain if branded or not, and is supposed to have followed the Horse.

Whoever takes up the said Horse and Mare, and delivers them to the Subscribers at *Upper-Marlborough*, or *West-River*, shall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS for each; but if they are stolen and the Thief can be convicted, a further Reward will be given of FIVE POUNDS.

JOHN HEPBURN, junr.
JOHN THOMAS.

St. Mary's County, *March* 17, 1766.

AN Act having passed last Session of Assembly, assessing on the taxable Inhabitants of *All-Faith's* Parish, in *St. Mary's* County, a Quantity of Tobacco, for Building a Church and Chapel of Ease, in said Parish: NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Vestry of the said Parish will meet, pursuant to the Power vested in them, on the First Tuesday of *May* next, when they will receive such Plans and Proposals, as shall be offered to them for those Purposes.

Signed by Order of the Vestry,
THOMAS HUTCHINGSON, Clk.

Patuxent Iron-Works, *March* 17, 1766.

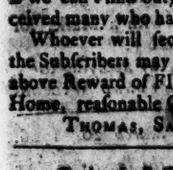
FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the Subscribers, on the 26th of *February* last, a Convict Servant Man, named *Henry Glover*, and by Trade a Blacksmith; he is a well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, of a pale Complexion, light grey Eyes, and pitted with the Small Pox, wears his own dark brown Hair. He had on and took with him, an old light colour'd Cloth Coat, a Cloth Jacket, and a Cotton ditto, brown Cloth Breeches, one white Shirt and one Osnabrig ditto, Country made Shoes and Stockings, and a Felt Hat about half worn; but it is likely he may change his Dress, as it is conjectured that he has some Money with him. It is supposed that he is gone up towards *Fort-Frederick*, as he passed through *Frederick-Town*, and afterwards was seen going up the Road which leads to the Fort. He has with him an old Indenture with a Discharge on the Back of it, Signed by *Christopher Lowndes*, in the Year 1752, and has passed by the Name of the Person mentioned in the same Indenture, (tho' what Name it is we can't find out) by which Means he has deceived many who have questioned him.

Whoever will secure the said Servant, so that the Subscribers may get him again, shall have the above Reward of FIVE POUNDS, and if brought Home, reasonable Charges, paid by

THOMAS, SAMUEL, and JOHN SNOWDEN.

To be LET on CHARTER,



A NEW SCHOONER, of about 80 Tons Burthen, well Found and Fitted for Sea, for the *West-Indies* or any other Part, and will be ready to Load by the last of *April*.

For further Particulars, enquire at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

STRAYED or STOLEN on the 24th of *March* past, from the Subscriber, in *Prince-George's* County, a Sorrel Horse, branded on the near Buttock JI with a blaze Face, Trunchy made, 13 Hands and an Inch high, Paces, Trots, and Gallops, his Hair much rubb'd off in several Places, occasioned by Plowing and Carting.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, paid by

MARGARET SMITH.

ANNAPOLIS, *March* 27, 1766.

THE Subscriber has a Quantity of exceeding good CONGO and BOHEA TEAS sent to him for Sale, the former at 18*s.* and the latter at 10*s.* per lb.

JOHN CLAPHAM.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with the best of LIQUORS, hereby acquaints the Public, That he has Open'd TAVERN at the House where Mr. *Golder* formerly Lived, near the Town Gate in *Annapolis*, where Gentlemen, Travellers, and Others, who may be pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on meeting with the kindest Usage, and best Accommodations for Themselves and Horses, from

Their humble Servant,
ROBERT JOHNSON.

N. B. He carries on the ROPE-MAKING and CABINET Businesses in all their Branches, having furnished himself with the best Workmen from *London* and *Philadelphia*, and will sell Cabinet Work at the *Philadelphia* Prices.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

ON Tuesday the 13th of *May* next, will be Run for, on the Race Ground in the City of *ANNAPOLIS*, the best of Three Heats, to be made 4 Mile Heats as near as the Ground will allow, A PURSE of FIFTY PISTOLES, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, on the following Terms:

Every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that Runs for the said Purse, shall, if rising 4 Years old next Grass, carry 8 Stone (Saddle and Bridle included), if Five, 8 Stone and 10 Pounds; if Six, 9 Stone, and 6 Pounds; and Aged, 10 Stone.

And on the Day following, upon the same Ground, and upon the same Conditions, will be Run for, a PURSE of THIRTY PISTOLES, by any Number of Horses, Mares, or Geldings, the winning Horse the preceding Day only excepted.

Every Person that puts in a Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for the said Purse, shall Enter the same with Mr. JONAS GREEN, on the Saturday preceding the Race, and for the second Day on the Monday, with whom he shall leave satisfactory Vouchers of his or her Age, and at the same Time shall pay Two Pistoles Entrance, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber, for the First Day; and One Guinea for the Second Day, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber.

The Time of Starting will be between One and Three o'Clock in the Afternoon.

Judges will be appointed to determine all Disputes which may arise.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,

GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER, *and* LAPIDARY,

BEING encouraged by several GENTLEMEN in Town, has Open'd SHOP, at the House of Mr. *William Knapp*, Watch-Maker, near the Town Gate, in *Annapolis*, where he Makes and Repairs all Sorts of SILVER and JEWELLERY WORK. He has at present for Sale, a neat Assortment of PLATE and JEWELS, made up in the best Manner, and of the newest Fashions; and also, a large and curious variety of Stones, elegantly finish'd; together with a complete Apparatus for Cutting them agreeable to any Directions, either for Buckles, Buttons, Rings, Ear-Rings, Necklaces, *&c. &c.*

As he has been regularly bred to the above Branches, and the Work he has, being principally executed by Himself, the Public may depend on being served upon much better Terms than have hitherto been practised: And, as many LADIES and GENTLEMEN, are frequently obliged to be supplied from *England* with the above Articles, on Account of their Orders not being punctually complied with here; he assures all such as shall please to favour him with their Custom, that no Delay in the speedy and effectual Execution of their Commands, shall for the Future induce them to send Home: Therefore humbly Hopes for the Encouragement of the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the Province; to Merit and Preserve which, shall be his constant Study, and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He gives the highest Prices for old GOLD, SILVER, and SILVER LACE.

THERE is in the Possession of Mr. *John Griffith*, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing, a likely Black Horse, about 14 Hands high, has a Star in his Forehead, Paces slow, and Gallops.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

RIVINGTON *and* BROWN'S Land, Plate, *and* Goods LOTTERY.

All PRIZES: No BLANKS.

THE Drawing of this Lottery, will certainly begin the 27th of next *May*, at all Events, in *Annapolis*, in *Maryland*.

The following Gentlemen are Managers, *viz. Samuel* and *Joseph Galloway*, *Thomas Smith*, *Stephen West*, Esqrs; and *Upton Scott*, M. D.

To whom Messrs. *Rivington* and *Brown* have given a penal Bond of Ten Thousand Pounds, as a Certainty to them, and every Adventurer, for the Execution of this Lottery, agreeable to the Scheme. The Managers will attend to draw the Lottery, and there upon Oath, see Justice done to every Individual.

Those who are not supplied with Tickets, are desired to be speedy in their Application.

Wheat, Oats, Indian Corn, and Flax-Seed, (at the lowest Market Price,) will be taken for Tickets.

TICKETS and SCHEMES of the LOTTERY may be had of the following Gentlemen, *viz.*

MARYLAND. Mr. *Richard Meade*, *Baltimore*. *Corbin Lee*, Esq; *Baltimore*. At the Printing Office and Taverns in *Annapolis*. Mr. *Colin Campbell*, *Annapolis*. Mr. *John Craig*, *Port-Tobacco*. *Thomas Key*, Esq; *St. Mary's*. Mr. *William Lux*, *Elk-Ridge*. *Thomas Smith*, Esq; *Chester*. Rev. Mr. *Montgomery*, *George-Town*. Mr. *Abraham Ayres*, at *Rock-Hall*. Mr. *John Rattsby*, near the *Kingsbury* Iron-Works, in *Baltimore* County. Mr. *John Anderton*, at *Secretary Creek*, *Choptank*. Mr. *Henry Baker*, *Cecil* County. Mr. *William Lockwood*, *Charles* County. Mr. *Bernard O'Neil*, Mr. *Gantt's* Iron-Works, *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County.

PENNSYLVANIA. Mr. *Samuel Oakford*, in *New-castle* on *Delaware*.

VIRGINIA. Mr. *John Dixon*, in *Williamsburg*. *John Campbell*, Esq; and Mr. *James Hunter*, *Fredericksburg*. Mr. *Scott*, *Norfolk*.

THIS is to give Notice, That the Subscriber has a new Erected FERRY, on *Patowmack* River in *Virginia*, opposite to *Cedar-Point* in *Maryland*, 24 Miles distant from *Westmoreland* Court-House, 40 from *Richmond*, 12 from *King George*, 26 from *Stafford*; from *Leeds-Town* 15 Miles, from *Port Royal* 12, and from *Fredericksburg* 34 Miles. There is a good FERRY kept, with ENTERTAINMENT, *&c.* by

GEORGE W. SPOONER.

Prince-George's County, *February* 14, 1766.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named *JEM*, he is a likely, lusty strong made young Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, is upon the yellowish Order, has large Eyes. Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward.

As he is a notorious Villain, it is requested that all Masters will make this known to their Servants, and by Way of Encouragement, promise them the Reward. He has a very extensive Acquaintance, therefore may Travel far from home. I am told that he passed for a Free Negro in *Frederick* County last Year.

ROBERT TYLER.

WILLIAM KNAPP, WATCH-MAKER,

Hereby informs the PUBLIC,

THAT he is Removed from his late Dwelling near the COURT-HOUSE in *Annapolis*, to the House next but One to that wherein Mr. *M'Leod* formerly Lived, towards the Town Gate; where he continues the WATCH-MAKING BUSINESS, and is ready to execute the Orders (with all possible Dispatch) of those GENTLEMEN and LADIES who shall be pleased to favour him with their Commands.

Annapolis: Printed by JONAS GREEN, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in *Charles-Street*: Where all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12*s*/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5*s*. the First Week, and 1*s*. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.